1	S.163
2	Introduced by Senator Balint
3	Referred to Committee on
4	Date:
5	Subject: Judiciary; guardianship; juveniles; immigration status
6	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to: (1) clarify
7	the jurisdiction and procedure for State courts to make special findings for at-
8	risk noncitizen children petitioning for Special Immigrant Juvenile Status from
9	the federal government, and (2) extend jurisdiction to State courts to make
10	special findings for at-risk noncitizen to allow a person who has not yet
11	attained 21 years of age to apply for special immigrant status.
12 13	An act relating to State court jurisdiction for special immigrant juvenile status
14	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
15	Sec. 1. 14 V.S.A. chapter 111, subchapter 14 is amended to read:
16	Subchapter 14. Special Immigration Status
17	§ 3098. SPECIAL IMMIGRATION JUVENILE STATUS; JURISDICTION
18	AND FINDINGS AT-RISK NONCITIZEN CHILDREN
19	(a) Definitions. As used in this subchapter:

1	(1) "At-risk" means there is reasonable cause to suspect that a child's
2	health, safety, or welfare is in jeopardy due to abuse, neglect, abandonment,
3	or similar circumstances and that return to the child's or the child's parent's
4	county of origin or country of last habitual residence would not be in the
5	best interests of the child.
6	(2) "Child" or "children" means an unmarried individual or
7	individuals who have not yet attained 21 years of age.
8	(3) "Court" means the Probate Division and the Family Division of
9	the Superior Court.
10	(4) "Dependent on the court" means subject to the jurisdiction of the
11	Probate Division or the Family Division of the Superior Court.
12	(5) "Noncitizen" means any person who is not a U.S. citizen.
13	(6) "Similar circumstances" means a condition that has an effect on a
14	child comparable to abuse, neglect, or abandonment, including the death of
15	<u>a parent.</u>
16	(b) Jurisdiction.
17	(1) The court has jurisdiction under Vermont law to make judicial
18	determinations regarding the custody and care of children within the meaning
19	of the federal Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(J) and
20	8 C.F.R. § 204.11). The court is authorized to make the findings necessary to
21	enable a child to petition the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Service for

1	classification as a special immigrant juvenile pursuant to 8 U.S.C.
2	§ 1101(a)(27)(J).
3	(2) An at-risk noncitizen child against whom charges have been filed in
4	the Criminal Division may file a petition for special immigration status in the
5	<u>court.</u>
6	(b)(c) Procedure for petition.
7	(1) If an order is requested from the court making the necessary findings
8	regarding special immigrant juvenile status as described in subsection (a) of
9	this section, the court shall issue an order if there is evidence to support those
10	findings, which may include a declaration by the child who is the subject of the
11	petition. The order issued by the court shall include all of the following
12	findings If an at-risk noncitizen child petitions the court for special findings in
13	order to seek special immigrant juvenile status pursuant to 8 U.S.C. §
14	1101(a)(27)(J), the court shall review the petition, including any supporting
15	affidavits and other evidence presented, and issue findings of fact that
16	determine whether the at-risk noncitizen child:
17	(A) The child was either of the following:
18	(i) Declared a <u>Is</u> dependent of <u>on</u> the court.
19	(ii) Legally or legally committed to or placed under the custody of
20	a State agency or department or an individual or entity appointed by the court.

1	The court shall indicate the date on which the dependency, commitment, or
2	custody was ordered.
3	(B) That reunification of the child with one or both of the child's
4	parents was determined not to be viable because of Has suffered from abuse,
5	neglect, abandonment, or a similar basis pursuant to Vermont law
6	circumstances. The court shall indicate the date on which reunification was
7	determined not to be viable.
8	(C) May not be viably reunified with one or both parents due to
9	abuse, neglect, abandonment, or a similar circumstance pursuant to Vermont
10	law; and
11	(D) That it is not in the best interests of the child to be returned to the
12	child's or his or her parent's previous country of nationality or country of last
13	habitual residence.
14	(2) <u>Additional Findings.</u> If requested by a party, the court may make
15	additional findings that are supported by evidence.
16	(3) Health, safety, and welfare considerations. When considering an at-
17	risk noncitizen child's health, safety, or welfare, the court shall consider
18	whether present or past living conditions will adversely affect the child's
19	physical, mental, or emotional health.
20	(4) Extension of guardianship. At the request or consent of the at-risk
21	noncitizen child presently under guardianship, or with the consent of the

1	person under guardianship, the court may extend an existing guardianship of
2	the person for a ward past 18 years of age for purposes of allowing the ward to
3	complete the application process with the United States Citizenship and
4	Immigration Services for classification as a special immigrant juvenile
5	pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(J).
6	(5) Requesting an initial guardianship. With the consent of an at-risk
7	noncitizen child under guardianship, the court may appoint a guardian of the
8	person for an unmarried individual who is 18 years of age or older, but who
9	has not yet attained 21 years of age, in connection with a petition to make
10	findings under this section.
11	(c)(d) Notice. If the identity or location of the at-risk noncitizen child's
12	parents is unknown or if the parents reside outside of the United States, the
13	court may serve notice using any alternative method of service the court
14	determines is appropriate or waive service when the child is described in
15	8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(27)(J) and 8 U.S.C. § 1357(h).
16	(e) Expeditious adjudication. In order to serve the best interests of the at-
17	risk noncitizen child, a court shall hear, adjudicate, and issue findings of fact
18	on any petition for special findings under this section as soon as it is
19	administratively feasible and prior to the at-risk noncitizen child attaining
20	21 years of age.

1	(f) Referral for services or protection. An at-risk noncitizen child who is
2	the subject of a petition for special findings under this section may be referred
3	for psychiatric, psychological, educational, occupational, medical, dental,
4	social services, or for protection against human trafficking or domestic
5	violence; provided, however, that a child's participation in any referred service
6	is voluntary.
7	(g) Additional available remedies; similar findings of fact.
8	(1) This section shall not limit an at-risk noncitizen child from
9	petitioning for special findings for a petition under any other provision of law
10	or from any other rights and remedies available to the child under any other
11	provision of law.
12	(2) This section shall not limit the court from issuing similar findings of
13	fact to those described in this section in any other proceeding concerning the
14	at-risk noncitizen child.
15	(h) Abrogation of child's rights. A guardian of an at-risk noncitizen child
16	is not authorized under this section to abrogate any of the rights that an at-risk
17	noncitizen child who has attained 18 years of age may have as an adult under
18	State law.
19	(i) Construction. This section shall be liberally construed to promote the
20	best interests of the child.

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1	(j) In any judicial proceedings in response to a request that the court make
2	the findings necessary to support a petition for classification as a special
3	immigrant juvenile, information regarding the child's immigration status that is
4	not otherwise protected by State laws shall remain confidential. This
5	information shall also be exempt from public inspection and copying under the
6	Public Records Act and shall be kept confidential, except that the information
7	shall be available for inspection by the court, the child who is the subject of the
8	proceeding, the parties, the attorneys for the parties, the child's counsel, and
9	the child's guardian.
10	(d) As used in this section, "court" means the Probate Division and the
11	Family Division of the Superior Court.
12	Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE
13	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.